New Horizon Prone Breastboard
for accessible, comfortable + reproducible prone positioning
The New Horizon™ Prone Breastboard assists in providing accessible, comfortable and reproducible patient positioning for prone breast treatments. The modular design and variety of accessories provide options for many prone breast setup challenges, allowing customized patient setups and meeting clinical needs for treatment.

**Accessible**

The unique curved board rises to meet the patient halfway for less climbing and safe positioning.

**Comfortable**

Patient-friendly design with contoured foam

Indexable, massage-style face cushion can be adjusted

Solid and open contralateral wedges provided to meet individual patient needs

**Reproducible**

Indexable to the couchtop, assuring its orientation to lasers and isocenter is repeatable and known

Scale rulers allow for easy verification of the longitudinal and lateral position of the patient

Setup sheet available to record and reproduce each patient's settings
Wedge Options
Wedge options include a solid wedge, flat cushion, wedge with cavity for excess tissue and a wedge with a scoop feature to slide excess tissue laterally away from the treatment field.

Treatment Portal Wedge Options
Breast portal cushion is available in two widths allowing for ideal access with maximum support.

Additional Key Features
- Overall height can be adjusted through the use of 3cm spacers
- Unique only to the New Horizon™ board, the bridge and Clam-Lok™ provide additional positioning and immobilization options
- Reversible breast section allows for treatment of either breast with a simple 180 degree turn
- Three simple-to-separate parts allow for a lighter board and easier storage and transport from room to room

Clinical Evidence
“Prone positioning is likely to benefit left-breast-affected women of larger breast volume...right breast-affected women are likely to benefit from prone positioning regardless of breast volume.”

“Prone positioning of patients for breast irradiation significantly reduces the uncertainty introduced by intrafractional respiratory motion.”

“Prone position breast radiation results in similar long-term disease control with a favorable toxicity profile compared with standard supine tangents. The anatomic advantages of prone positioning may contribute to improving dose homogeneity and minimizing incidental cardiac and lung dose.”